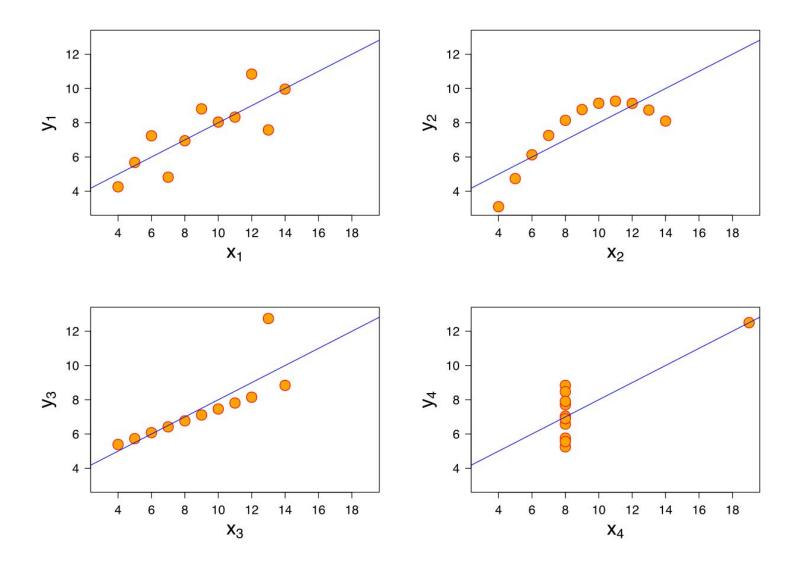
# Foundations 1 Basic Concepts

DataVis 2020 <u>http://datavis2020.github.io</u> Dr. Benjamin Bach

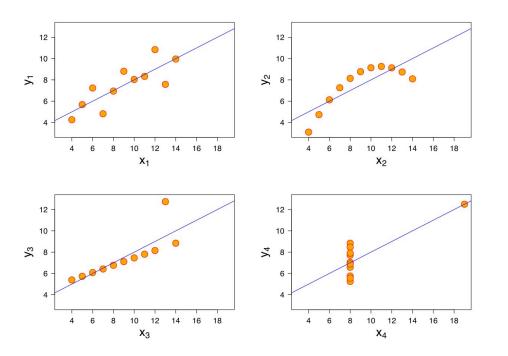


# What is visualization?

## **Anscombe's Quartet**



## **Anscombe's Quartet**



Property	Value
Mean of x	9
Sample variance of x	11
Mean of y	7.50
Sample variance of y	4.125
Correlation between x and y	0.816
Linear regression line	y = 3.00 + 0.500x
Coefficient of determination of the linear regression	0.67

## (Possible) Definitions

"The use of computer-supported, interactive, visual representations of abstract data to amplify cognition"

Stuart Card

.an accessible way to see and understand trends, outliers, and patterns in data."

Tableau

... to help **people**carry out **tasks**more **effectively** 

Tamara Munzner

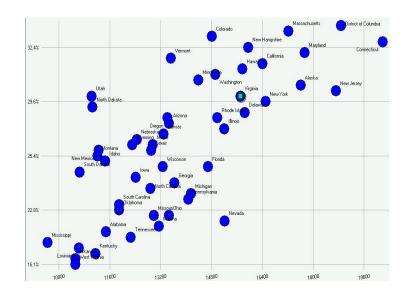
## **Defining Concepts**

- computer supported
- Interactive visual representations
- For Abstract data
- Helping people
- to see and understand
- trends, outliers, and patterns in data,
- and carry out tasks
- more effectively
- Through amplifying cognition

A	В	С	S	T	U
Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	Ship Date
3	10/14/06	5-Low	Large Box	0.8	10/21/06
6	2/21/08	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.55	2/22/08
32	7/16/07	2-High	Small Pack	0.79	7/17/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Jumbo Box	11	7/17/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	attribute	7/18/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.03	7/18/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.52	10/24/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Small Box	0.58	10/25/07
36	11/3/07	1-Urgent	Small Box	0.55	11/3/0
65	3/18/07	1-Urgent	Small Pack	0.49	3/19/0
66	1/20/05	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.56	1/20/05
69	item 5	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.44	6/6/05
69	5	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.6	6/6/0
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Small Box	0.59	12/23/0
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.82	12/23/0
96	4/17/05	2-High	Small Box	0.55	4/19/0
97	1/29/06	3-Medium	Small Box	0.38	1/30/0
129	11/19/08	5-Low	Small Box	0.37	11/28/0
130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.37	5/9/0
130	5/8/08	2-High	Medium Box	0.38	5/10/08
130	5/8/08		Small Box	0.6	5/11/0
132		3-Medium	Medium Box	0.6	6/12/06



## Data → Visualization → Information → Action



## **Encoding:** designer

Data

What is my data?

Which data type? Ordinal / numerical / categorical?

2 Visual Mapping

What is my visual representation?

Which visual variables am I using? How am I encoding my data?

Rendering

What is my medium?

monoscopic/stereoscopic? Tangiblity? Print / digical?

View

## **Decoding:** user

Comprehending

What does it mean for me?

What shall I do now? Is this all true? What do I learn?

Interpreting 5

What does it mean?

What does color mean? Wha does 'up 'mean? What do these patterns show?

Perceiving

What does it show?

Where is big, medium, small? How do things compare? What relationships exist?

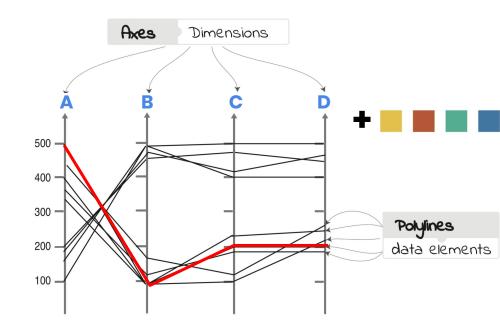
#### 1. Data

#### Value Attribute

	1		mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec
_	2	Mazda RX4	> 21	6	160	110	3.9	2.62	16.46
em	3	Mazda RX4 Wag	21	6	160	110	3.9	2.875	17.02
_	4	Datsun 710	22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.32	18.61
	5	Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215	19.44
	6	Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.44	17.02
	7	Valiant	18.1	6	225	105	2.76	3.46	20.22
	8	Duster 360	14.3	8	360	245	3.21	3.57	15.84
	9	Merc 240D	24.4	4	146.7	62	3.69	3.19	20
	10	Merc 230	22.8	4	140.8	95	3.92	3.15	22.9
	11	Merc 280	19.2	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.44	18.3
	12	Merc 280C	17.8	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.44	18.9
	13	Merc 450SE	16.4	8	275.8	180	3.07	4.07	17.4
	14	Merc 450SL	17.3	8	275.8	180	3.07	3.73	17.6
	15	Merc 450SLC	15.2	8	275.8	180	3.07	3.78	18
	16	Cadillac Fleetwood	10.4	8	472	205	2.93	5.25	17.98

## 2. Visual Mapping

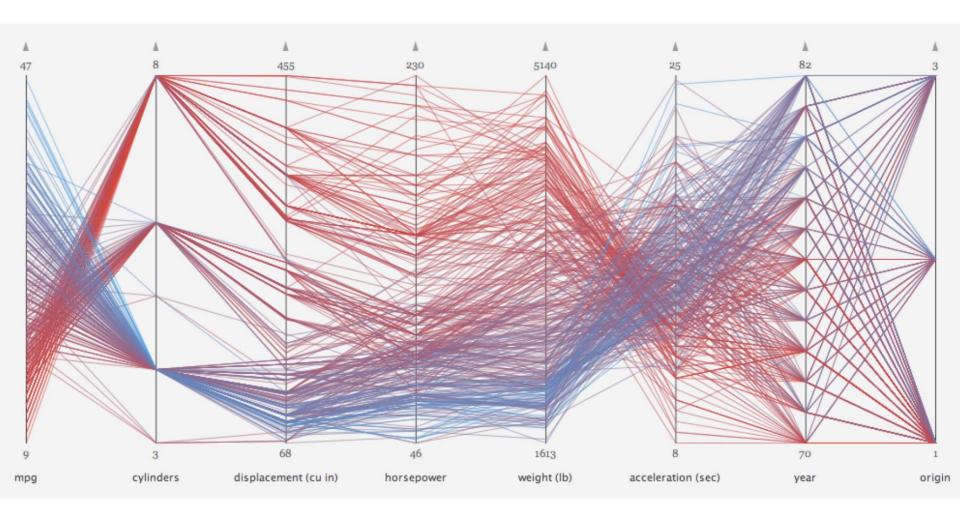
1		mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec
2	Mazda RX4	21	6	160	110	3.9	2.62	16.46
3	Mazda RX4 Wag	21	6	160	110	3.9	2.875	17.02
1	Datsun 710	22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.32	18.61
5	Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215	19.44
5	Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.44	17.02
7	Valiant	18.1	6	225	105	2.76	3.46	20.22
3	Duster 360	14.3	8	360	245	3.21	3.57	15.84
)	Merc 240D	24.4	4	146.7	62	3.69	3.19	20
)	Merc 230	22.8	4	140.8	95	3.92	3.15	22.9
L	Merc 280	19.2	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.44	18.3
2	Merc 280C	17.8	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.44	18.9
3	Merc 450SE	16.4	8	275.8	180	3.07	4.07	17.4
1	Merc 450SL	17.3	8	275.8	180	3.07	3.73	17.6
5	Merc 450SLC	15.2	8	275.8	180	3.07	3.78	18
	Cadillac Fleetwood	10.4	8	472	205	2.93	5.25	17.98



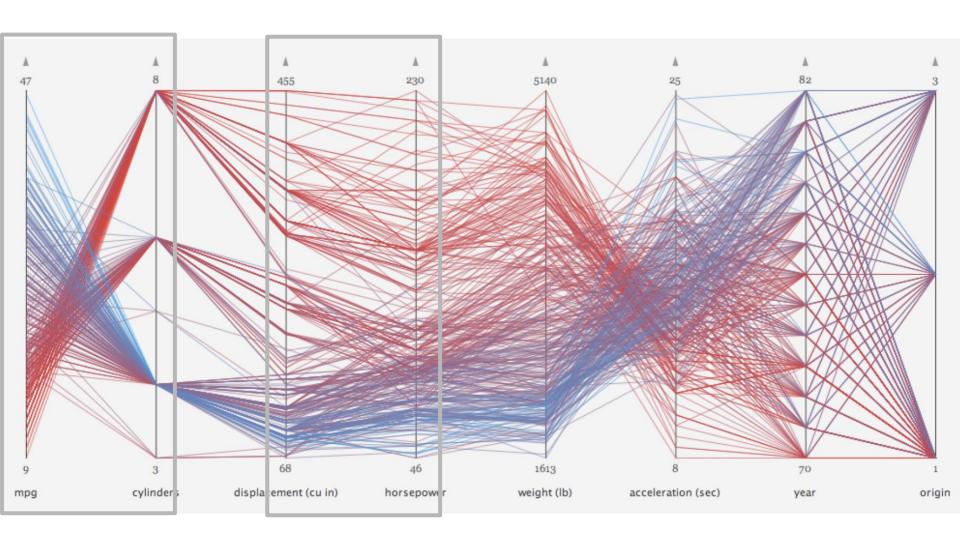
**Data** 

Visual Representation

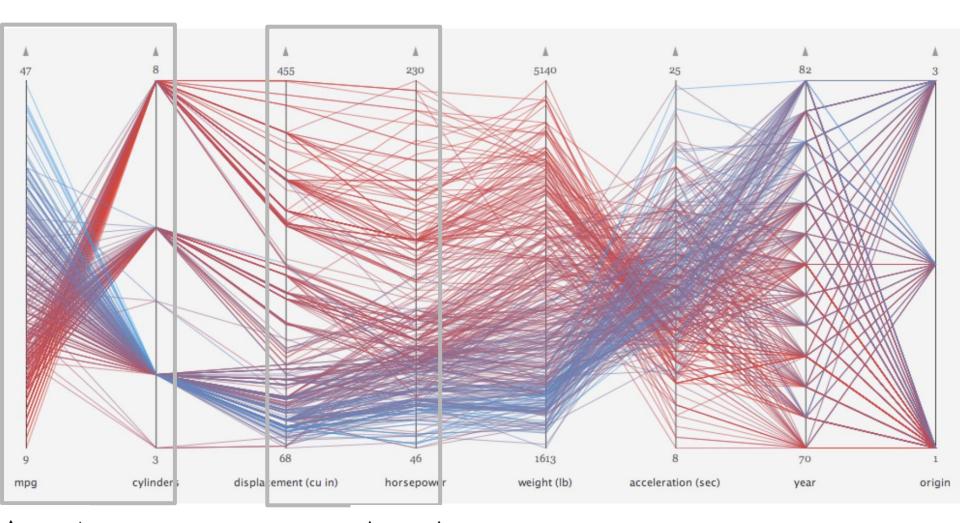
## 3. Rendering



## 4. Perceiving



## 5. Interpretation







## **Encoding:** designer

Data

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2 Visual Mapping

What is my visual representation?

Which visual variables am I using? How am I encoding my data?

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What is my medium?

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## **Decoding:** user

Comprehending

What does it mean for me?

What shall I do now? Is this all true? What do I learn?

Interpreting 5

What does it mean?

What does color mean? Wha does 'up 'mean? What do these patterns show?

**Perceiving** 

What does it show?

Where is big, medium, small? How do things compare? What relationships exist?

#### Find every '5'

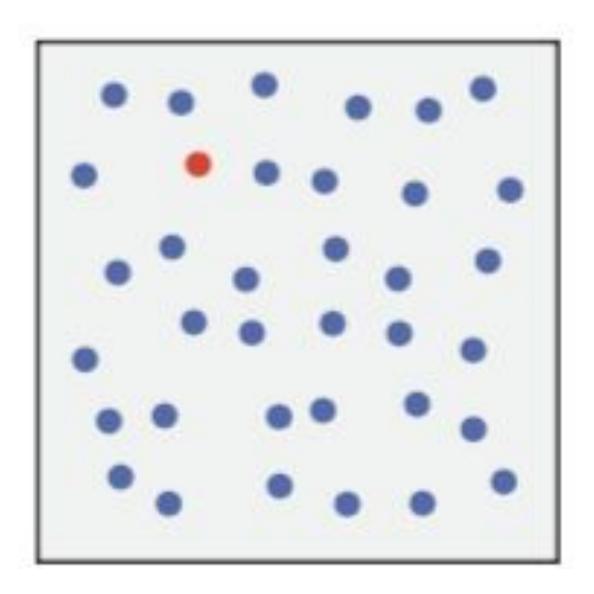
#### **Pre-attentiveness:**

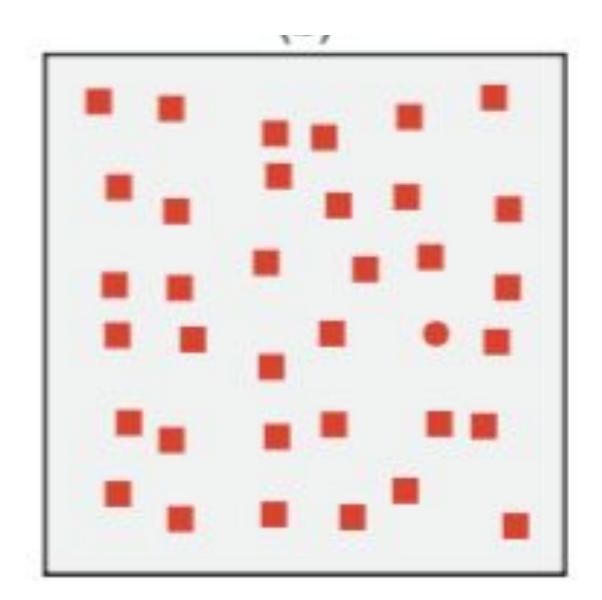
- "is the subconscious accumulation of information from the environment"
- realizing something before you think

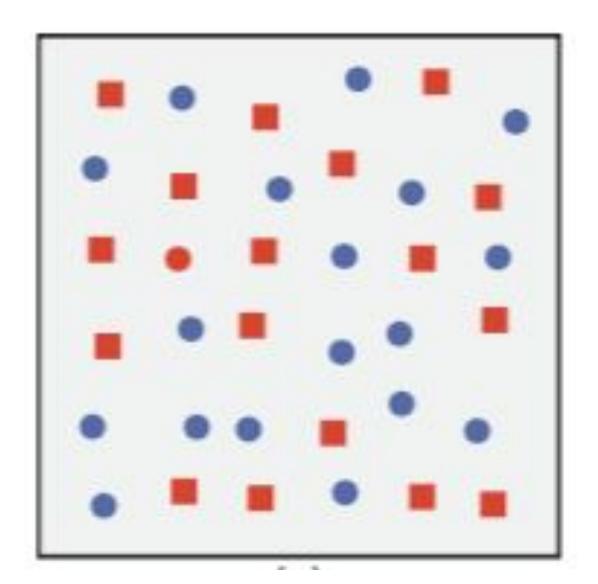
## **Parallelity:**

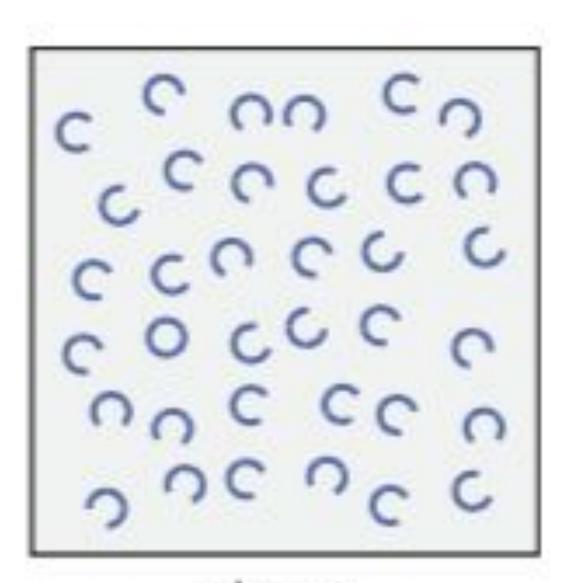
- Perceiving stimuli in parallel



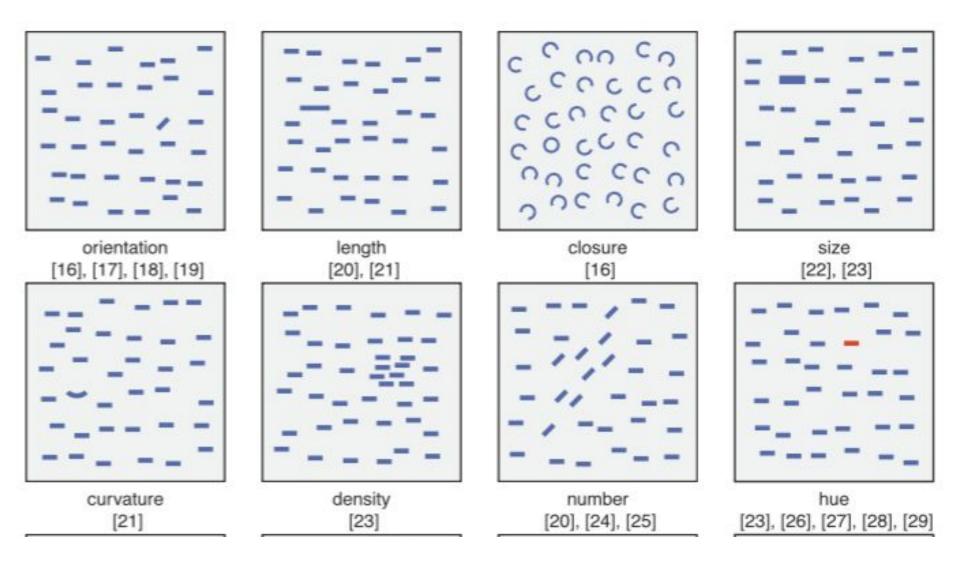


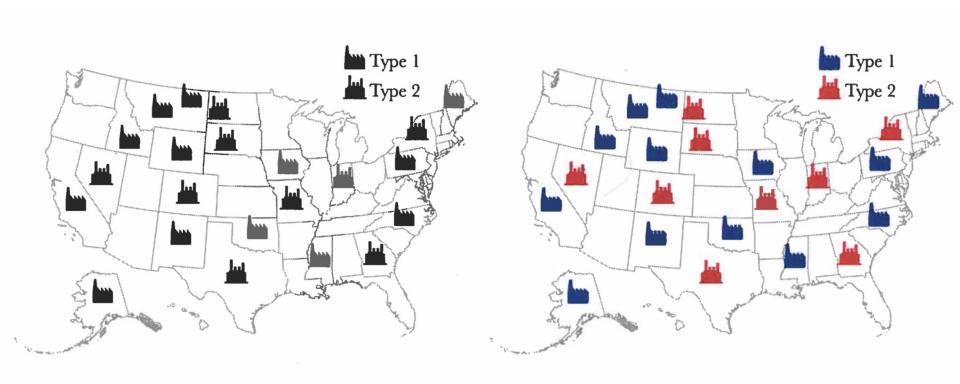






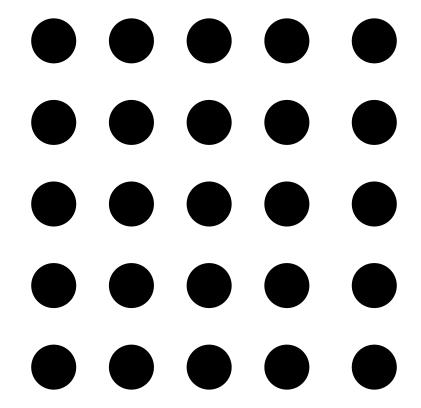
#### **Preattentiveness**



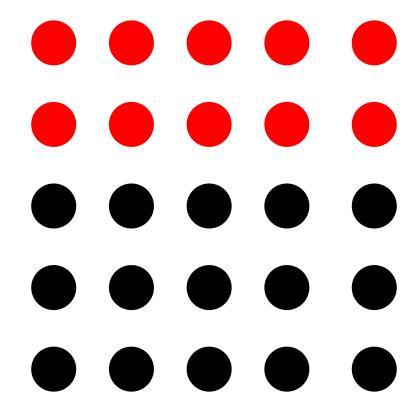


**Figure 6.3** On which of these maps is it easier to identify the number of factories of each kind?

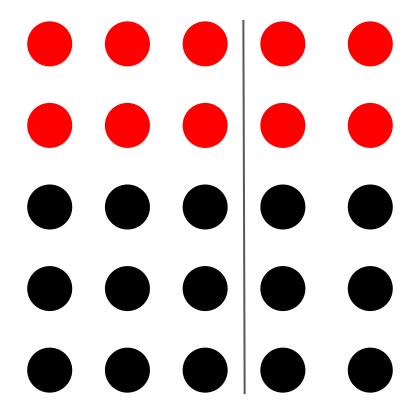
#### **Gestalt Laws**



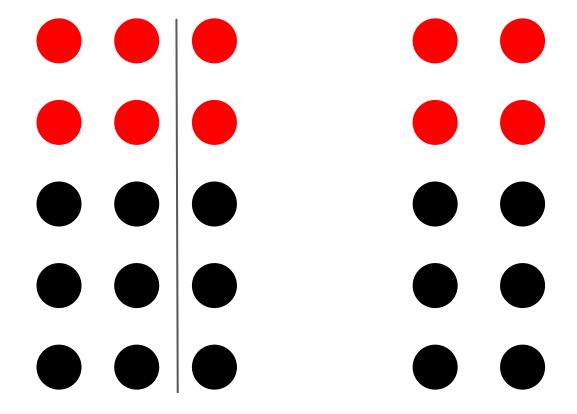
## Law of Similarity



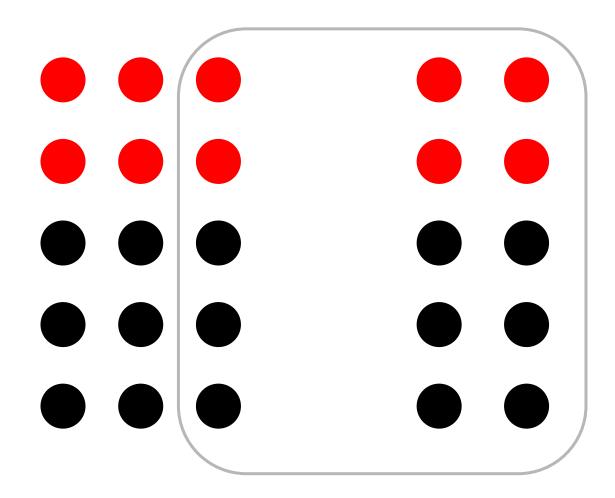
#### **Law of Closure**



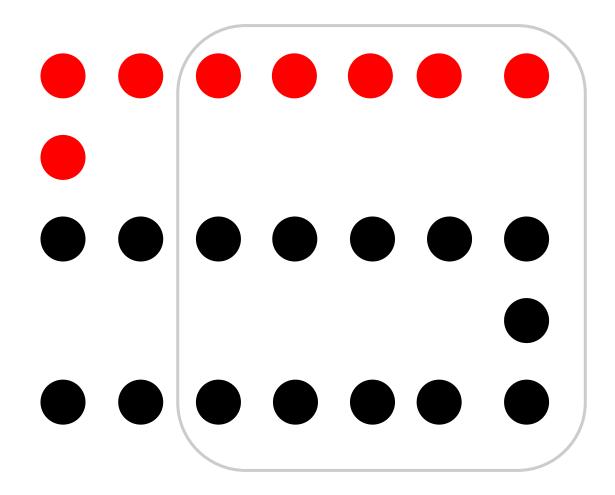
## **Law of Proximity**



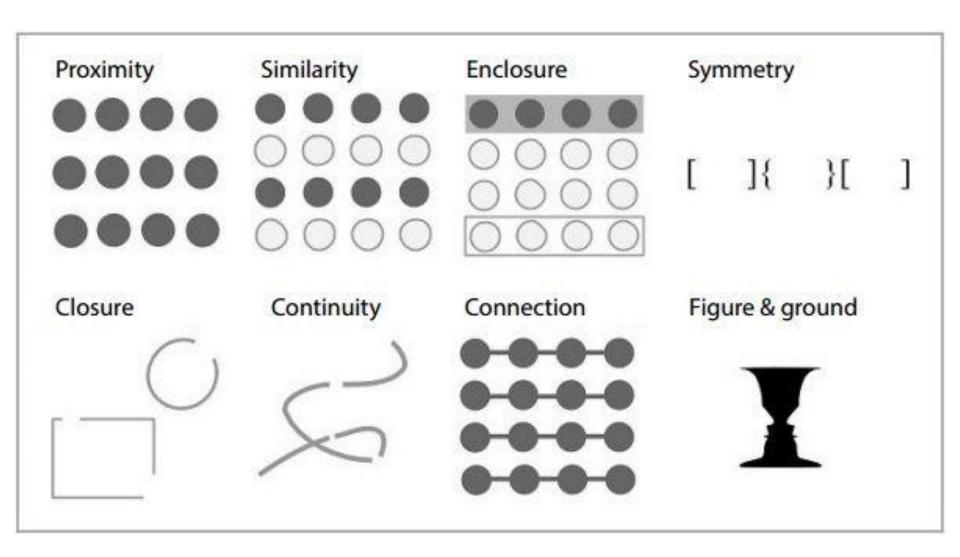
#### **Law of Enclosure**



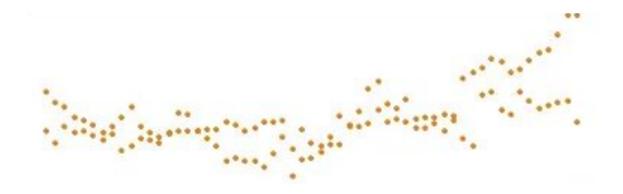
## **Law of Continuity**



#### **Gestalt Laws**



## **Gestalt Laws**



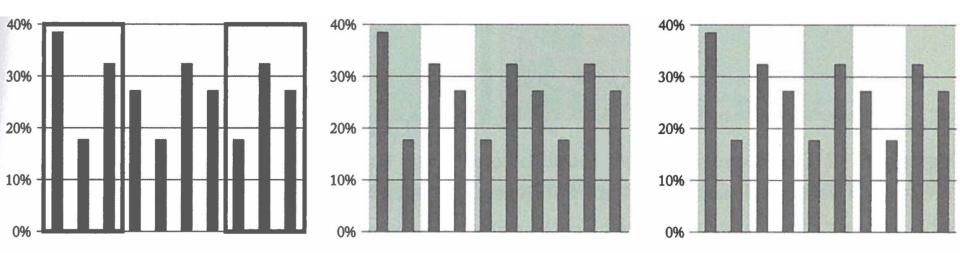


Figure 6.10 Boxing bars helps readers identify groups.

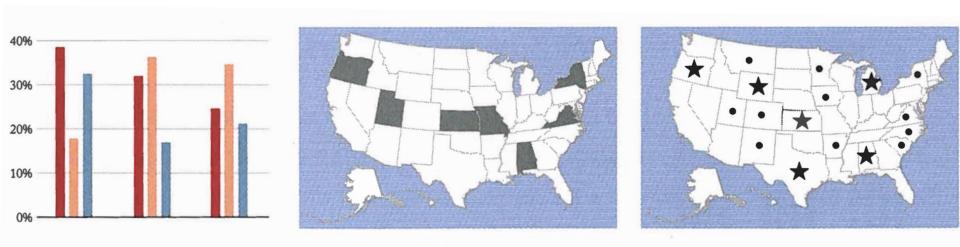
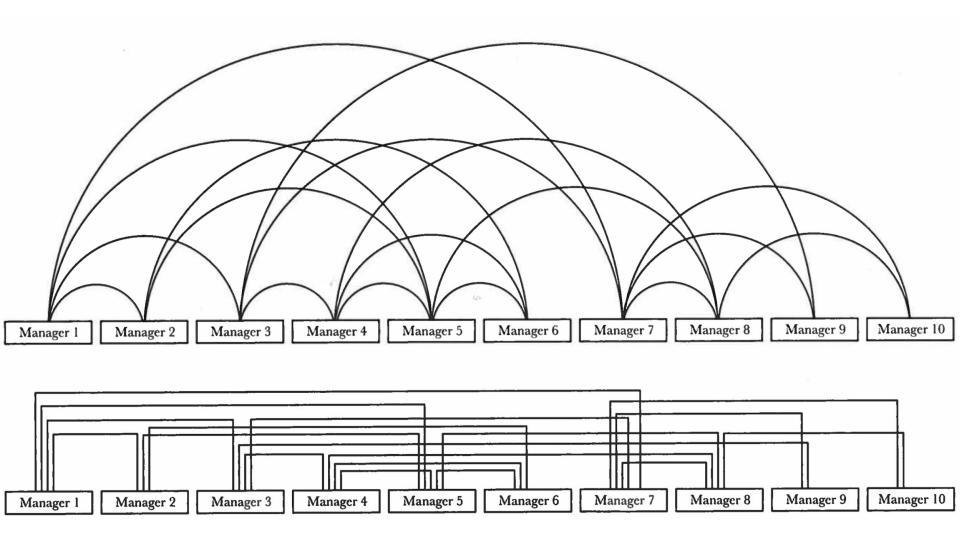


Figure 6.7 Objects that look alike will be identified as parts of a group.

# **Continuity for line following**

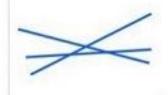


#### **Visual Patterns**

High, low and in between



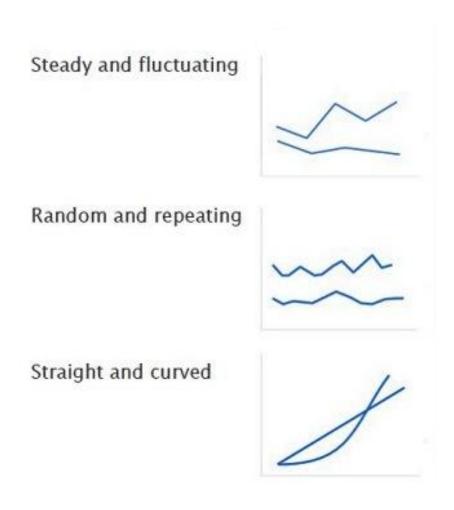
Going up, going down and remaining flat



Steep and gradual



#### **Visual Patterns**



## Encoding: designer

1 Data

What is my data?

Which data type?
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## 2 Visual Mapping

What is my visual representation?

Which visual variables am I using? How am I encoding my data?

## 3 Rendering

What is my medium?

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View

## **Decoding:** user

6 Comprehending

What does it mean for me?

What shall I do now? Is this all true? What do I learn?

5 Interpreting

What does it mean?

What does color mean? Wha does 'up 'mean? What do these patterns show?

4 Perceiving

What does it show?

Where is big, medium, small? How do things compare? What relationships exist?

### **Data Types**

Categorical (Qualitiative)

Ordered

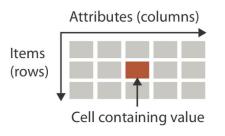
Numerical (Quantitative)



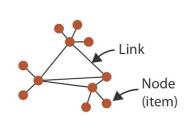


### **Dataset Types**

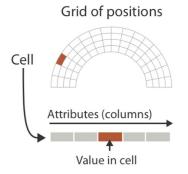
→ Tables



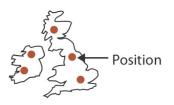
→ Networks



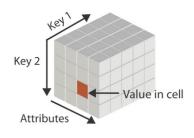
→ Fields (Continuous)



→ Geometry (Spatial)



→ Multidimensional Table



→ Trees



# Encoding: designer

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View

# **Decoding:** user

6 Comprehending

What does it mean for me?

What shall I do now? Is this all true? What do I learn?

5 Interpreting

What does it mean?

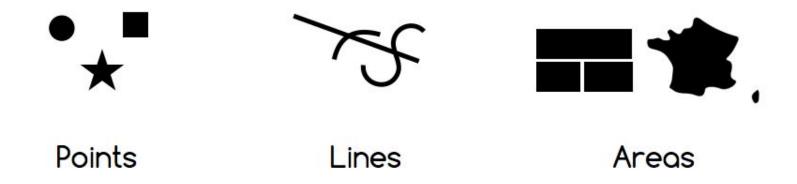
What does color mean? Wha does 'up 'mean? What do these patterns show?

4 Perceiving

What does it show?

Where is big, medium, small? How do things compare? What relationships exist?

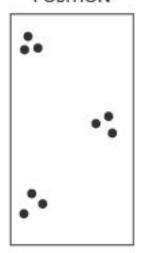
## **Visual Marks**



## **Visual Variables**

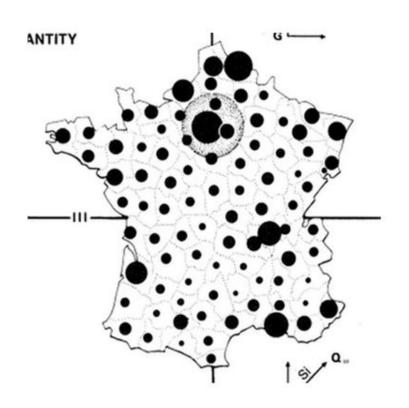
### Bertin's Visual Variables

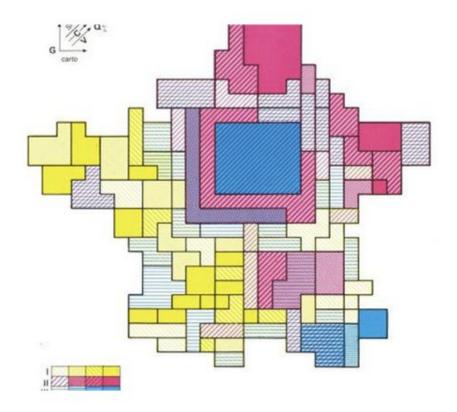
#### POSITION



Selective Associative Ordered Quantitative

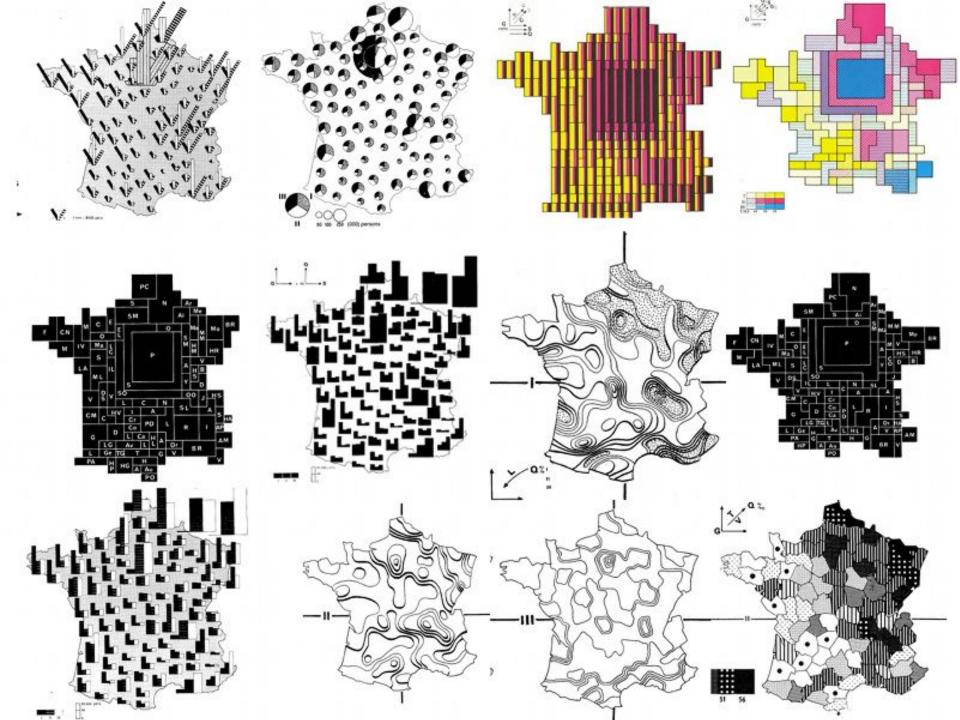
### Visual Variables





- Points
- Size

- Areas
- Size
- Hue
- Texture



### **Characteristics of Visual Variables**

**Selective**: Does it make a mark distinguishable?

**Associative**: Can I group marks?

Quantitative: Can I do maths with it?

Order: Does it imply an order on the marks?

**Length**: How many values does the variable has?

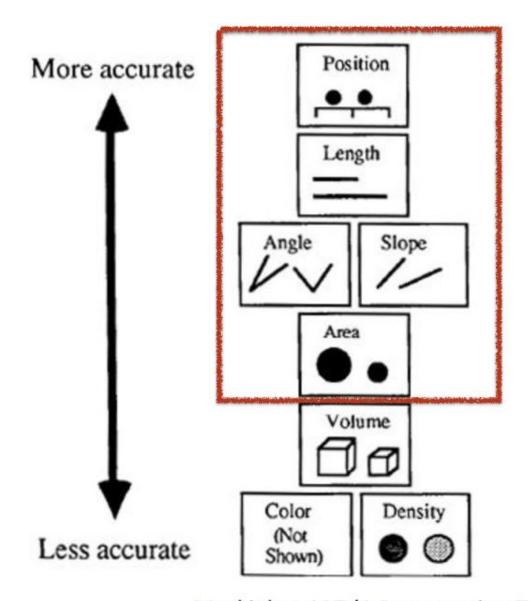
Visual Variable: Position				
selective	•	11	<b> </b>	
associative	••••		• 1.*	
quantitative	100		* *	
order		*	*	
length	0 0 +		10	

Visual Variable: Size					
	selective		11		
	associative	•••	/		
	quantitative	4 <b>X</b> ■ =	=		
	order	<b>O</b> > <b>O</b>	>  >	> • > • > •	
	Length	-	nite but practically lin selection ~ 5 and distir		

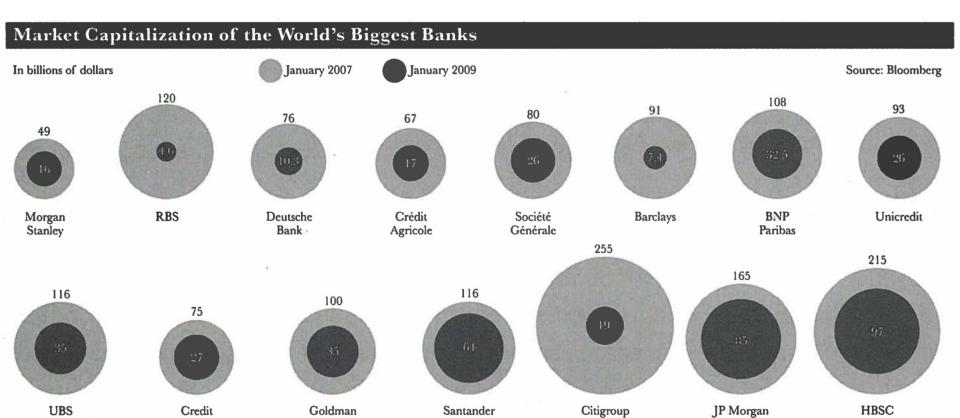
Visual Variable: Shape				
	selective			
	associative		•// <b>*</b> /	
	quantitative			
	order	<b>+</b> ≯•≯▲	* <b>=</b> * • *	
	length	theoretically infinite	<b>- • • *</b>	▼ * N

Visual Variable: Value				
<b>\</b>	selective			
<b>/</b>	associative			
<b>±</b>	quantitative			
<b>/</b>	order		<b></b>	<
<b>/</b>	length	<ul> <li>theoretically infinite but practically limited</li> <li>association and selection ~ &lt; 7 and distinction ~ 10</li> </ul>		

Visual Variable: Colour				
<b>\</b>	selective			
<b>/</b>	associative		11/1	
<b>±</b>	quantitative			
<b>£</b>	order		<u> </u>	
<b>/</b>	length			
•			inite but practically lin selection ~ < 7 and dis	



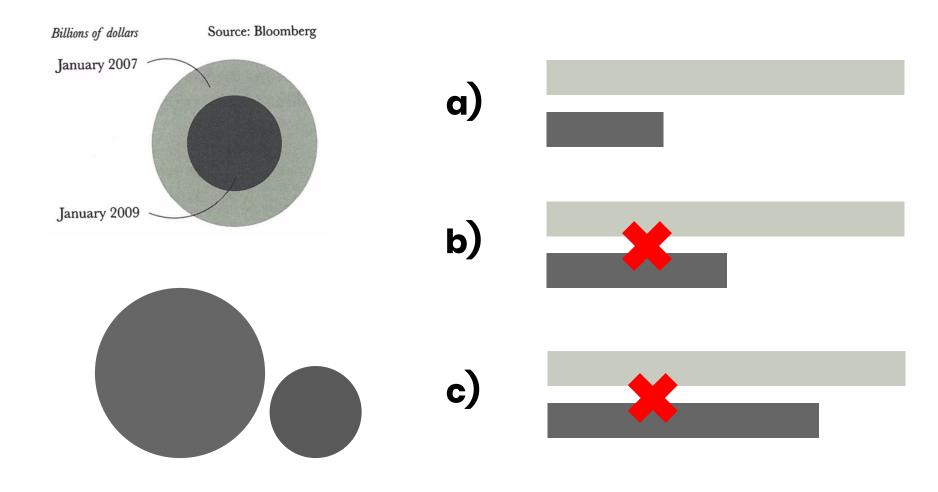
Mackinlay, APT (A Presentation Tool), 1986

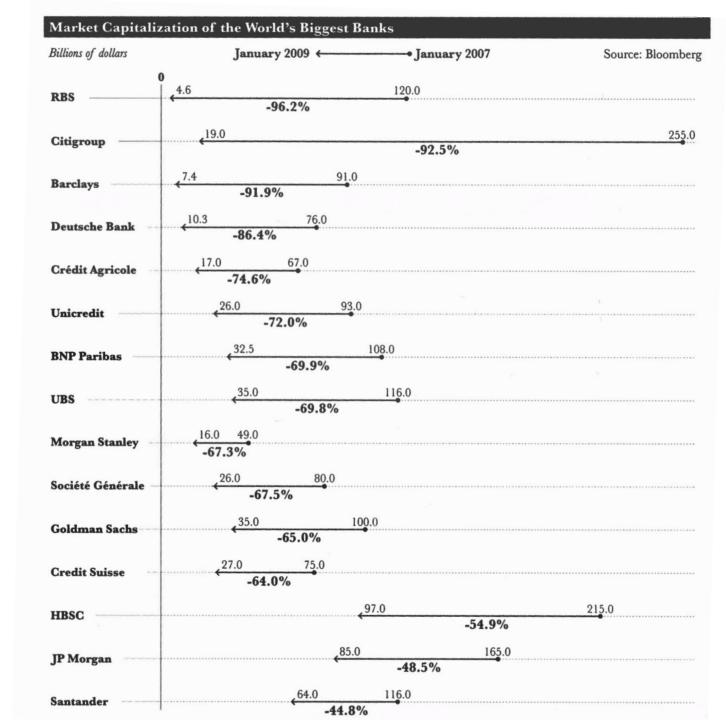


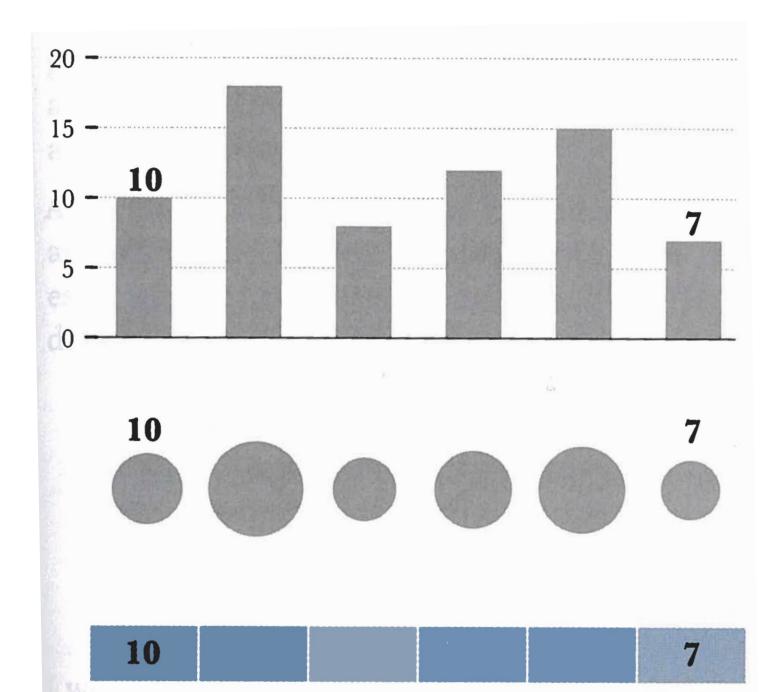
Suisse

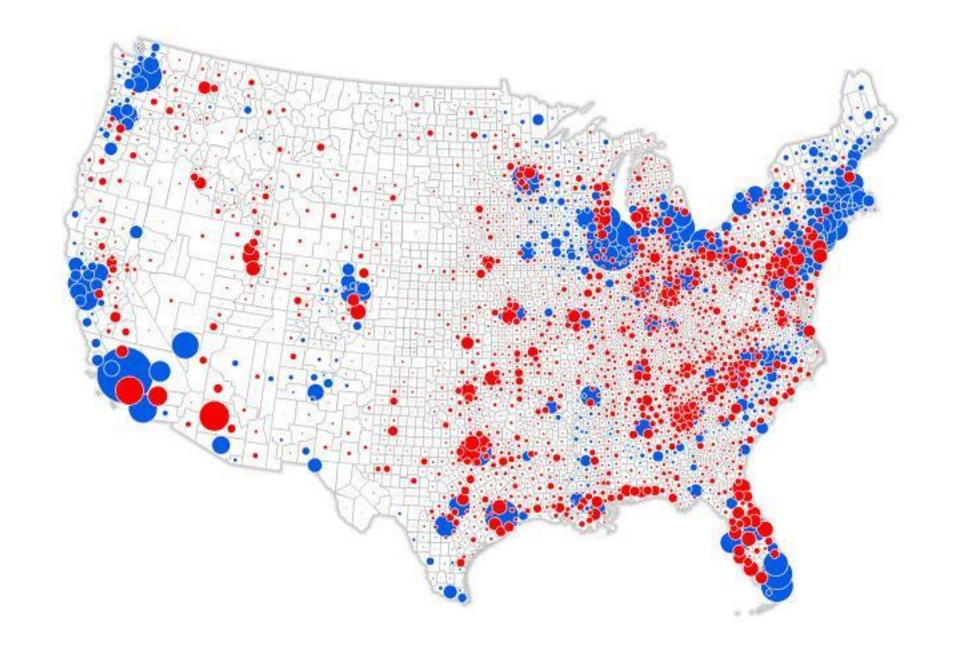
Sachs

### How to decode bubbles?









# **Recommended Reading**

- Tamara Munzner: Visualization Analysis and Design
  - Chapter 2. What: Data Abstraction
  - Chapter 5. Marks and Channels
- Alberto Cairo: The Functional Art
  - Chapter 1: Why Visulize: From Information to Visdom
  - Chapter 2: Forms and Functions: Visualization as Technology
- Andy Kirk: Data Visualization
  - Chapter 1: Defining Data Visualization
- Jaques Bertin: Semiology of Graphics
  - II.C: The retinal variables
- Cleveland & MaGill: Graphical Perception: Theory,
   Experimentation, and Application to the Development of Graphical Methods, 1984